₩ citronic

CM-DSP

Item ref: 170.830UK, 170.832UK, 170.834UK

User Manual

Compact Mixers









Introduction

Thank you for choosing a Citronic CM-DSP series mixer. This product has been designed to offer reliable, high quality mixing for stage and/or studio applications with unfailing consistency. In order to gain the best results from this equipment and avoid damage through misuse, please read and follow these instructions and retain for future reference.

Warning:

To prevent the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose components to rain or moisture. If liquids are spilled on the surface, stop using immediately, allow unit to dry out and have checked by qualified personnel before further use.

Avoid impact, extreme pressure or heavy vibration to the unit.

There are no user serviceable parts inside the mixer - refer all servicing to qualified personnel.

Safety

- Check that the supplied adapter and connectors are in good condition and the mains supply voltage is correct.
- Ensure signal leads are of good condition without shorted connections (especially when using phantom power)
- Do not use the USB connector as a general purpose power source or charger.
- Do not allow any foreign particles to enter the console through connectors or control apertures

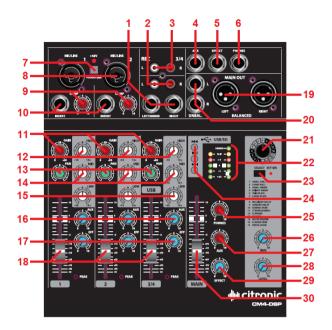
Placement

- Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat sources.
- Keep away from damp or dusty environments.
- Ensure adequate access to controls and connections

Cleaning

- Use a soft cloth with a neutral detergent to clean the casing as required
- Use a soft brush to clear debris from the control surface
- Do not use strong solvents for cleaning the unit.

Control Panel



- 1. Stereo channel L + R 6.3mm jack inputs
- 2. Stereo channel Left + Right RCA inputs
- 3. Left + Right Recording RCA outputs
- 4. Auxiliary output 6.3mm jack
- 5. Effect output 6.3mm jack
- 6. Headphones output stereo 6.3mm jack
- 7. Global phantom power switch & indicator
- 3. Combo XLR/jack mic/line inputs
- 9. Audio compressor rotary adjustment
- 10. Channel insert TRS 6.3mm jack
- 11. Channel Gain control
- 12. High frequency EQ control
- 13. Channel Pan or balance control
- 14. Mid frequency EQ control
- 15. Low frequency EQ control

- 16. Channel auxiliary level control
- 17. Channel effect level control
- 18. Channel fader
- 19. L+R balanced main output XLR
- 20. L+R balanced main output TRS jack
- 21. DSP programme select
- 22. Output level and power indicators
- 23. DSP effect on/off switch
- 24. USB/SD player transport controls
- 25. Headphones level control
- DSP effect time control
- 27. Master AUX send level
- 28. DSP effect level control
- 29. Master Effect send level (internal or output)
- 30. Master fader

Rear Panel



- 31. 12Vac 1500mA power adaptor input
- 32. SD card slot for digital audio player
- 33. USB input for digital audio player

Connection

Before connecting to amplifier or other equipment, turn down all volume controls to avoid loud noises which may cause damage to other equipment. Always switch amplifier power on last in line with volume levels down.

Using good quality 6.3mm jack or XLR leads (balanced or unbalanced), connect L + R main outputs from the mixer to the amplifier, recorder or whichever equipment is to receive the main mix output. If phantom power is to be used, press the "+48V PHANTOM" switch in.

Connect microphones, DI boxes and other balanced low impedance audio inputs to the mono channels using a quality XLR lead.

Connect high impedance and line level signals to the mono inputs using a 6.3mm jack lead. For the stereo channel, connect left and right line level signals via 6.3mm jack or RCA leads (unbalanced). If this channel is to be used as mono, connect to the left jack input only.

Channel inserts may be connected to individual processing equipment like EQ or compressors. These connections completely interrupt the signal flow and divert to the external processor before returning to the channel for volume adjustment via the channel fader. This requires a stereo to $2 \times 10^{12} \, \mathrm{m}^2$ x mono jack lead – the $2 \times 10^{12} \, \mathrm{m}^2$ mono ends are send and return connections, the stereo connection is wired as per below.





Recording equipment can be connected via the "REC" outputs using a twin RCA lead and the 6.3mm jack AUX output can be connected to monitoring or external processing equipment if required. Individual levels can be adjusted to the AUX output via the individual channel AUX controls. Overall auxiliary send level is governed by the master AUX control.

If the internal DSP effects are not required, a send can be connected from the "EFFECT" jack output to and external effect unit, whereby the EFF channel controls act as individual level controls to the EFFECT output (same as for AUX output) Overall effect send level is governed by the master EFFECT level control.

With all faders down, connect the supplied AC adapter to the 12Vac input an d to the mains supply (ensure correct supply voltage) – the power LED will illuminate (if phantom power is selected, this LED should light also)

Checking

Test each channel's gain level by making the loudest expected sound into it and increasing the GAIN control until the red PEAK LED starts to light. Then back the GAIN control off slightly until the PEAK LED hardly lights at all.

Test the main mix output by increasing the MAIN master fader and selected channel faders whilst making sound through the channel(s) – the L+R output LED ladders should begin to show the output as it varies up and down.

Connecting a pair of headphones to the PHONES stereo 6.3mm jack is a good way of checking the mix output, remembering to gradually increase the PHONES level control.

Turn down all faders and then switch power on to connected equipment (amplifier last in line) and increase volume levels. Gradually increase MAIN and channel faders again and the sound should be heard through the speakers or be indicated on the recording equipment.

Operation

Mono channels have a COMP control which varies the amount of audio compression applied to the signal. Fully down (anti-clockwise) gives no compression and fully up (clockwise) gives maximum compression to the signal, making quieter sounds louder and louder sounds quieter whilst boosting the signal. This limits the dynamic differences in a signal and is especially useful for vocals and some instruments where the sound level can vary greatly.

Each channel has a 3-band EQ (LOW/MID/HIGH), which can be used to balance the mix of frequencies and emphasise certain aural characteristics in the signal. Adjust these as required, noting that and overall increase may require an equivalent reduction of the GAIN control to compensate (otherwise clipping may occur from EQ boost).



Use the PAN control to position the channel input either to the left or right side of the stereo field. This can be useful to help separate and define sounds within a mix but be aware that extreme settings can be counter-productive by removing the channel from certain listening positions.

Use the AUX control to feed the correct amount of the channel signal to the AUX output. This routing is "Pre-fader" and is independent from the channel fader setting.

The EFF control feeds a part of the signal to the internal DSP effects. Overall controls for TIME and LEVEL are on the right-hand side of the control surface - these can be adjusted as required.

If external effects are to be used, plugging a jack lead into the EFFECT output defeats the internal DSP effects and acts as a mono line level "send" to the external effect unit. The output(s) from the external unit will need to be "returned" via a mono or stereo channel and added to the mix, whereby the channel fader takes the place of the overall EFFECT return level control.

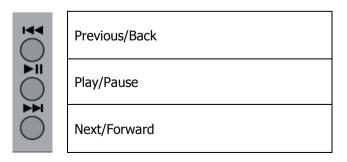
Channel faders should be used to adjust the individual levels in the mix and the MAIN fader is for overall level. Turn down amplifier levels when changing any connections or powering down the mixer to avoid speaker damage.

USB features

The USB and SD card connection is for the internal media player, which can offer playback of compressed digital audio files through the stereo channel.

When a USB pen drive or SD card with such files on is connected via the rear panel, the player recognizes this and automatically begins playback through the stereo channel.

Transport buttons are situated next to the output LEDs on the top panel to control USB/SD playback as shown below...



Specifications

Model	CM4-DSP	CM8-DSP	CM12-DSP
Stock Code	170.830UK	170.832UK	170.834UK
Power Supply	12Vac 1500mA (included)		
Phantom Power	Switchable +48V (XLR inputs)		
Frequency Response	20Hz - 20kHz		
Mic/Line inputs (bal/unbal)	2 x XLR/jack	4 x XLR/jack	6 x XLR/jack
Stereo Input (unbal)	6.3mm jack/RCA (-8 to +15dB / +13 to +60 parallel)		
SNR: Mic Inputs	120dB E.I.N.		
SNR: Line Inputs	95dB E.I.N.		
SNR: Stereo Input	96dB E.I.N.		
EQ: High	10kHz, ±15dB		
EQ: Mid	700Hz, ±15dB		
EQ: Low	50Hz, ±15dB		
Effects	16 preset programme DSP engine		
Outputs: Main (L + R)	6.3mm jack (+28dBu balanced / +22dBu unbalanced)		
AUX, EFF, REC out	unbalanced 6.3mm jack (+22dBu)		
Phones Output	+15dBu stereo 6.3mm jack		
Dimensions (mm)	60 x 190 x 230	60 x 270 x 230	60 x 350 x 230
Weight	2.09kg	2.42kg	2.75kg

DSP effect programmes

1. Small Hall	9. Analog Delay
2. Large Hall	10. Chorus Verb
3. Small Room	11. Stereo Chorus
4. Bright Room	12. Flanger
5. Thin Plate	13. Phaser
6. Large Plate	14. Gated Reverb
7. Spring Reverb	15. Flange Verb
8. Multi-tap Delay	16. Vocal Echo



Troubleshooting

No power LED on	Ensure power adapter is working and connected properly		
control panel	Ensure mains outlet voltage is OK and as stated on adaptor		
control parter	Check input signals and condition of connection leads		
Power LED is on but no other LEDs and no output	Check jack is connected to input and not channel insert		
	Check GAIN is not too low on channel input		
	Check channel fader is not fully down		
	Check MAIN fader is not fully down		
	Disconnect channel insert (if used) and check for correct wiring		
	For condenser mics, turn down MAIN fader and check +48V is on		
Power and VU LEDs lit	Check output connections to amplifier or recorder		
but no output	Check amplifier or recorder levels are not turned fully down		
but no output	Press PLAY on transport controls		
USB/SD player will not play audio from media			
	Check memory device is connected properly (remove and re-insert)		
	Check file types – standard compressed digital audio files required		
Valuma ranga lagking	Check memory device works on a PC or Mac for standard playback		
Volume range lacking	Check COMP control is not turned up too high		
	Check level of input signal is not too high		
Output is very loud or	Reduce channel GAIN and EQ settings		
	Reduce channel and MAIN faders levels		
	Ensure Hi-Z line level input(s) not connected via XLR		
distorted	Check output levels of equipment connected via channel inserts		
	Check AUX and EFFECT level controls and reduce if necessary		
	Check for high gain recording of media files on USB/SD		
	Check input gain level on recorder or recording software		
Output is working but at very low level	Check input audio source level is not too low		
	Ensure low impedance line or mic signal is not connected via jack		
	Increase channel GAIN control and EQ settings if turned down		
	Increase channel and MAIN faders levels		
	Check output levels of equipment connected via channel inserts		
	Check for quiet recording of media files on USB/SD		
	Check input gain level on recorder or recording software		
Feedback (loud	Face microphone away from speakers and monitors		
squealing or howling	Reduce channel GAIN level and EQ level(s)		
from mics)	Reduce AUX and/or EFFECT levels		
	Reduce channel and/or MAIN fader levels		

Errors and omissions excepted. Copyright© 2012. AVSL Group Ltd.